

# COMP522: Privacy and Security

<http://cgi.csc.liv.ac.uk/~alexei/COMP522/index.html>

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## Lab 1 Practical Attacks on Passwords

### LAB #1.1 –Hash table attack

Given a hash of the password, can you recover a password?

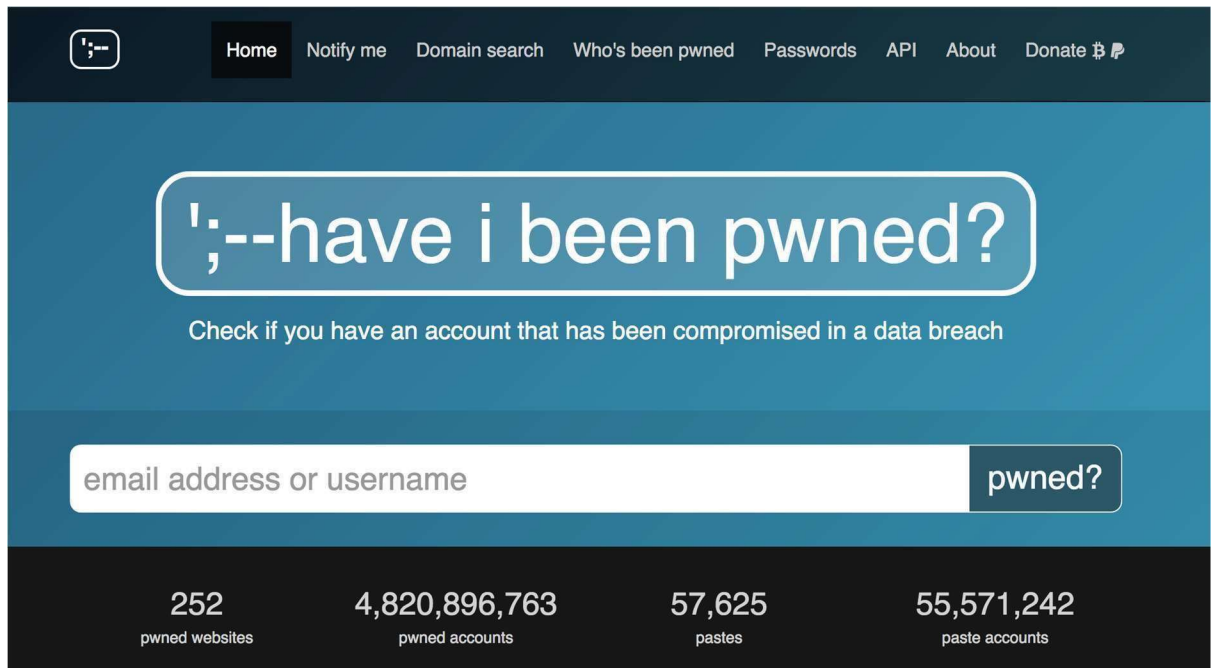
- 0- Create a hash to any password that you want to attack, you can use [www.sha1-online.com](http://www.sha1-online.com) for that (or any other). For example, the SHA1 hash for password MyPassword is daa1f31819ed4928fd00e986e6bda6dab6b177dc
- 1- Copy the hash and go to any public sha1 hash table website and try to get equivalent text to it. (you can go to <https://sha1.web-max.ca/>)
- 2- Can you do hash table attack for the following password (sha1 hash) by using the same website.

N	Password	Yes I can / No I can not
1	P@\$\$W0rD	
2	Thisismypassword	
3	VeryLongP@\$\$W0rD	

- 3- What is a shortest password you can find for which the above hash table attack is unsuccessful?

### LAB #1.2 – Have My account password leaked to attackers

- 1- Open <https://haveibeenpwned.com/>
- 2- Provide your email and check if your account password has been leaked before by the attacker. If you, you have to change your password.



### LAB #2.4 – How long to offline brute-force password

Note:

- Don't Enter your real password
- The time it will take depends on processing speed

- 1- Open <https://www.security.org/how-secure-is-my-password/> and <https://password.kaspersky.com/>
- 2- Try the following passwords in the table and check the time needed to brute-force them and reported strength
- 3- Can you propose a password which you would easily remember and which would have estimated 1 Day to crack it (by either services)?

Password	Time on security.org/how-secure-is-my-password	Strength on Kaspersky password checker
P@\$\$W0rD		
thisismypassword		
VeryLongP@\$\$W0rD		
%O^t#2Fv0JUjVdRV2RW%		

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